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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/362,022	07/27/1999	ROBERT J. MEYER	D/96602Q1 6313		
7	590 06/16/2004		EXAMINER		
JOHN E BECK			VIDA, MELANIE M		
XEROX CORPORATION XEROX SQUARE 20A			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
ROCHESTER, NY 14644			2626	10	
			DATE MAILED: 06/16/2004 / O		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No		Applicant(s)			
. Office Action Summary		09/362,022		MEYER ET AL.			
		Examiner	<del></del>	Art Unit			
		Melanie M Vida		2626			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communica	tion appears on the cove	r sheet with the c				
A SH THE - Exter after - If the	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAN INSTRUMENT OF THIS COMMUNICAN INSTRUMENT OF THIS COMMUNICAN INSTRUMENT OF THE PRIOR OF	ATION. 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, how cation. lays, a reply within the statutory mi	rever, may a reply be tin	nely filed s will be considered timely.			
- Failu Any	Operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statute re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will reply received by the Office later than three months after ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	, by statute, cause the application	to become ABANDONE	D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on <u>31 <i>March 2004</i></u> .					
2a)⊠	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.						
3)							
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
4)🖂	Claim(s) 1-17 is/are pending in the app	olication.					
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)	☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	☐ Claim(s) <u>1-17</u> is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicat	ion Papers						
9)[	The specification is objected to by the I	Examiner.					
10)	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority (	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for	r foreign priority under 3	5 U.S.C. § 119(a	)-(d) or (f).			
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority do	cuments have been rec	eived.				
	2. Certified copies of the priority do	cuments have been rec	eived in Applicati	on No			
	3. Copies of the certified copies of	the priority documents h	ave been receive	ed in this National Stage			
	application from the Internationa	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachmen	• •	<b>∧</b>	l Intonia o	(DTO 442)			
	1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
3) 🛛 Infor	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PT	-O/SB/08) 5) <u>∟</u>	Notice of Informal F	Patent Application (PTO-152)			
<b>Рар</b> е	er No(s)/Mail Date <u>7</u> .	b) L	Other:				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statement(s) (IDS) submitted on 3/31/04 has been considered 1. by the examiner and is attached to this office action.

# Response to Amendment

2. This action is responsive to an amendment filed 3/31/04. Claims 1-17 are pending. Applicants have amended independent claims, 1, 9, and 13. Applicant's have also amended dependent claims 10-12, and 15-17. The Examiner has received the Applicant's simulation and reviewed it prior to examination of the amended claims.

#### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments, see Paper No. 9, page 8, first paragraph, filed 3/31/04, with 3. respect to the rejection(s)of claim(s) 9 and 13 under 35 USC 102 have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. Further, on page 9, second paragraph, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 1-3 under 35 USC 103(a), However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection of Abe in view of Suzuki is applied below. This action is made final because the applicant's have amended the subject matter for the independent claims to include additional subject matter that required the Examiner to conduct a further search and consideration.

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# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 5. Claims 1-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 6. Claim 1, 9, and 13 are rejected because it is unclear to the Examiner, after thoroughly reviewing the specification, whether the original pixels have been already been halftoned, prior to substituting or embedding the auxiliary pixels or whether the invention claims to substitute auxiliary pixels so as to remove halo problems or edge displacement prior to halftoning the image cell.
- 7. Claims 2-8, 10-12, and 14-17 are rejected for depending on unclear claim language in claims 1, 9, and 13.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 9. Claims 1-3, 9, and 13-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Abe, US-PAT-NO: 5,740,330, (hereinafter, Abe) in view of Suzuki, et al. US-PAT-NO: 5,299,308, (hereinafter, Suzuki).

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Regarding, **claim 1**, as best understood from the claim language, Abe teaches that the contours of image elements, such as a character, are improved by alleviating jaggedness in the form of serrate edges and obtain a good quality image output from a low-resolution printer, which reads on "an improved font", (col. 13, lines 17-19, and lines 55-61). Abe teaches of a halftone cell, in the background of the invention, wherein the dotted image in figures 11C, and 11D, correspond to the halftone cells in figures 11A and 11B, (col. 3, lines 66 through col. 4, lines 16). Abe teaches of an initial mass of pixels or a pixel group wherein black pixels (1) have been extracted, as shown in figure 12, from a group of white dots (2) which reads on, including a plurality of original pixels, (col. 8, lines 14-20). The jaggedness is alleviating by controlling the amount of light energy for each division of a pixel and uses a Bezzie curve or a B-spline curve to approximate the area of black pixels while deleting or adding sub-pixels to more closely approximate the inside of the curve enclosed area (4a) or (5a), as shown in figures 27 and 28, which reads on, to improve edge displacement or halo problems in the printing of the cell, (col. 8, lines 37-39; col. 11, lines 5-8, lines 30-45).

Abe does not expressly disclose, "substituting for one of the plurality of original pixels".

However, Suzuki, as shown in figure 19C teaches of detecting an edge pixel, dividing the edge pixel into sub-pixels, and determining which sub-pixel to paint (i.e. to print), which reads on "at least one auxiliary pixel substituting for one of the plurality of original pixels of the halftone cell", (col. 11, lines 11-13, and lines 16-19).

At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Abe's pixel divisions for only the edge pixels as taught by Suzuki.

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One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to substitute edge pixels with sub-pixels in order to anti-alias process an edge, given the express suggestion of Suzuki, (col. 11, lines 11-13).

Regarding, **claims 2-3**, Abe teaches that sub-pixels can be added to the rightmost position or the leftmost position of the contour, which reads on "wherein the auxiliary pixel comprises a black auxiliary pixel" or "white auxiliary pixel", respectively, (col. 8, lines 61-63, lines 59-67).

Regarding, claims 9 and 13, please refer to the corresponding rejection in claim 1.

Regarding, claim 14, Suzuki teaches a PDL controller (200) converts the PDL data received from a host computer (100) to black yellow, magenta, and cyan multi-level image data (i.e. halftone data), which reads on "step of processing comprises forming the halftone image using a processing system including a digital front end", (col. 9, lines 29-39).

10. Claims 4-8, 10-12, and 15-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Abe, US-PAT-NO: 5,740,330 (hereinafter, Abe), and further in view of Suzuki, US-PAT-NO: 5,299,308, (hereinafter, Suzuki), as applied to claims 1, 9, and 14, respectively above, and further in view of Admission.

Abe in view of Suzuki teach the improved halftone in claim 1, claim 9, and claim 14 above, but fail to expressly disclose the following:

halftone cell is clustered dot type, (claim 4, line 2; claim 10, lines 2-3; claim 15, line 2); halftone cell is a dispersed dot type, (claim 5, line 2; claim 11, line 2-3; claim 16, line 2); halftone cell is a compact dot type, (claim 6, line 2;);

halftone cell is a spiral-dot type, (claim 7, line 2);

halftone cell is a stochastic type (claim 8, line 2; claim 12, lines 2-3; claim 17, line 2);

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However, the Admission teaches that a clustered dot type is a well-known method used in prior art for rendering a halftone image from continuous image in the specification, (page 12, lines 5-10). Second, the Admission teaches that a dispersed dot type is a well-known type of a halftone cell used in the image halftone art in the specification, (page 12, lines 5-10). Third, the Admission teaches that the clustered cell type may alternatively be a compact type dot, or a spiral-dot type because it is commonly known in the image halftone art as per the specification, (page 12, line 19). Fourth, the Admission teaches that the halftone cell may alternatively be a stochastic type as is commonly known in the image halftone art as per the specification, (page 12, lines 20-23).

At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the halftone reproduction art to modify Chung's teachings of embedding auxiliary pixels in an image to improve the evenness of toner deposition using alternative forms of the halftone cell such as the clustered cell types, or the halftone cell types mentioned above.

One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this in order to provide various types of halftone cells, since some cells produce better with xerographic and electro statically based printer technologies as disclosed by the applicant (page 12, lines 11-13).

## Conclusion

11. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Sakano, US-PAT-NO: 5,337,162, see figure 8 and the description in col. 7.

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12. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

13. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Melanie M Vida whose telephone number is (703) 306-4220. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 am 5:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kimberly A Williams can be reached on (703) 305-4863. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

KIMBERLY WILLIAMS
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

Melanie M Vida Examiner Art Unit 2626

MMV Mmv

June 10, 2004